Roll No.

Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 07

BCA (2014 to 2018)/B.Tech. (CSE) (Sem.-1)

B.Sc.(IT) (2015 to 2018)

MATHEMATICS - I

Subject Code: BSIT/BSBC-103

M.Code: 10045

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

 SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.

2. SECTION-B contains SIX questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly:

- a) If $A = \{1, 2, a, b\}$, determine the following sets (i) $A \phi$ (ii) $A \{1, 2\}$.
- b) Given an example of a relation which is reflexive and symmetric but not transitive.
- c) Find relation R if matrix representation of R is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- d) Prove that $p \land (q \lor r) = (p \land q) \lor (p \land r)$
- e) Use quantifiers to show that $\sqrt{3}$ is not a rational number.
- f) Define Planer and Complete Graph.
- g) List two difference between Tree and Graph.
- h) Find order of the recurrence Relation T (K) = 2T(k-1) kT(K-3).
- i) Define recurrence relation with examples.
- j) Prove that the maximum number of edges of simple graph is $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$.

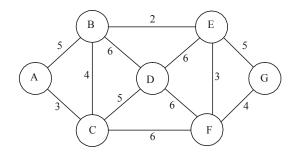
SECTION-B

- 2. a) State and prove De Morgan's law for sets.
 - b) Let m be a given fixed positive integer. Let $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in Z \text{ and } a b \text{ is divisible by } m\}$, show that R is an equivalence relation on Z.
- 3. a) Prove validity of argument:

If man is bachelor, he is happy.

Therefore Bachelor dies young.

- b) By the principle of mathematical induction, prove the following for each $n \in \mathbb{N}$: 1.3 $+3.5+5.7+\ldots+(2n-1)(2n+1)=\frac{n(4n^2+6n-1)}{3}$
- 4. a) Find minimal spanning tree of weighted graph



- b) State and prove five colour theorem.
- 5. Solve recurrence relation S $(K + 2) 4S(K) = K^2 + K 1$.
- 6. a) Prove that simple graph with *k*-components and *n* vertices can have at the most of $\frac{(n-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ edges.
 - b) Obtain recurrence relation of S (K) = $2.4^k 5.(-3)^k$ of second order.
- 7. If $R = \{(a, b) : |a b| = 1\}$ and $S = \{(a, b) : a b \text{ is even}\}$ are two relation on $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Then draw digraph of R and S. And show that $R^2 = S^2$.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

2 | M-10045 (S3)-1068